

Algebra Review

NAME _____ ID# _____ PER _____ GRADE LEVEL (circle one): 9 10 11 12

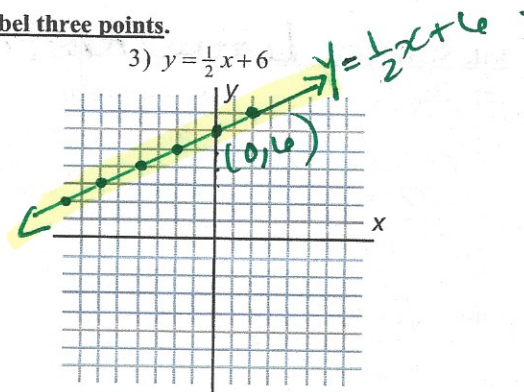
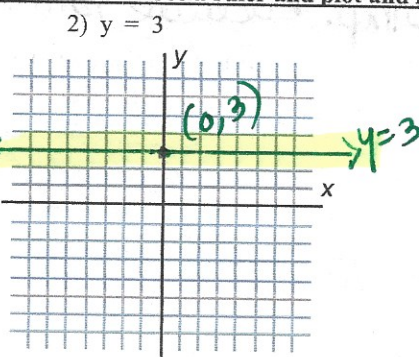
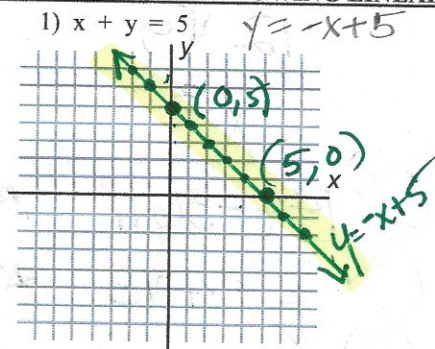
CURRENT MATH COURSE _____ CURRENT MATH TEACHER _____

MATH HISTORY – Fill in information from last year's Math Course

2017/2018 MATH COURSE Choose one of the following:	FINAL LETTER GRADE RECEIVED	MATH TEACHER (who taught this course)
<input type="radio"/> Geometry Honors		
<input type="radio"/> Geometry Hn/Gifted		
<input type="radio"/> Algebra 2 Honors		
<input type="radio"/> Algebra 2 Hn./Gifted		
<input type="radio"/> Trig/Analyt		

SHOW ALL WORK NEXT TO THE PROBLEM:

I. GRAPH THE FOLLOWING LINEAR EQUATIONS. Use a ruler and plot and label three points.



II. SIMPLIFY:

4) $(3x^2y^3)(5xy^2)$

$$15x^3y^5$$

5) $\frac{10x^2y}{2xy^2}$

$$\frac{5x}{y}$$

6) $7x - (8 - 3x)$

$$7x - 8 + 3x$$

$$10x - 8$$

7) $(2x - 3y)(5x + 5y)$

$$10x^2 - 15xy + 10xy - 15y^2$$

$$10x^2 - 5xy - 15y^2$$

III. SOLVE THE FOLLOWING EQUATIONS:

8) $6x + 4(3 - x) = 30$

$$6x + 12 - 4x = 30$$

$$2x + 12 = 30$$

$$2x = 18$$

$$x = 9$$

9) $13 - (2c + 2) = 2(c + 2) + 3c$

$$13 - 2c - 2 = 2c + 4 + 3c$$

$$-2c + 11 = 5c + 4$$

$$-4 = 7c$$

$$c = -\frac{4}{7}$$

10) $\frac{1}{4}(8y + 4) - 17 = (-\frac{1}{4})(4y - 8)$

$$2y + 1 - 17 = -y + 2$$

$$2y - 16 = -y + 2$$

$$3y = 18$$

$$y = 6$$

IV. SOLVE THE FOLLOWING INEQUALITY:

11) $-2x + 13 < 21$

$$-2x < 8$$

$$x > -4$$

4)	$15x^3y^5$
5)	$\frac{5x}{y}$
6)	$10x - 8$
7)	$10x^2 - 5xy - 15y^2$
8)	$x = 9$
9)	$c = -\frac{4}{7}$
10)	$y = 6$
11)	$x > -4$

Factor

12) $x^2 - 25 = (x+5)(x-5)$

13) $6y^2 - 4xy = 2y(3y - 2x)$

14) $x^2 + 9x + 20 = (x+5)(x+4)$

12) $(x+5)(x-5)$

13) $2y(3y - 2x)$

14) $(x+5)(x+4)$

15) $x=4, x=2$

16) $x=0, x=\frac{3}{2}$ or 1.5

17) $7\sqrt{2}$

18) $\sqrt{5}$

19) $3x^2\sqrt{3x}$

20) $12\sqrt{y}$

21) x^3

22) $144 - 36\pi$ *

23) $x = 4\sqrt{3}$ *

24) $(-4, 6)$

25) $y = \frac{7}{3}x - \frac{26}{3}$

Solve Q. Eq.

15) $x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$
 $(x-4)(x-2) = 0$
 $x-4=0 \quad x-2=0$
 $x=4 \quad x=2$

16) $4x^2 - 6x = 0$
 $2x(2x-3) = 0$
 $2x=0 \quad 2x-3=0$
 $x=0 \quad 2x=3$
 $x = \frac{3}{2}$

VII. SIMPLIFY. Leave Ans. Simp. Radical form.

17) $\sqrt{98} = 7\sqrt{2}$

18) $\sqrt{45} - \sqrt{20} = 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5}$

19) $(\sqrt{3x^2})(\sqrt{9x^3}) = x\sqrt{3} \cdot 3x\sqrt{x} = 3x^2\sqrt{3x}$

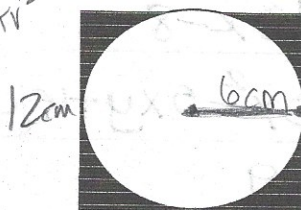
20) $9\sqrt{y} + 3\sqrt{y} = 12\sqrt{y}$

21) $\sqrt{x^6} = x^3$

VIII. GEOMETRY:

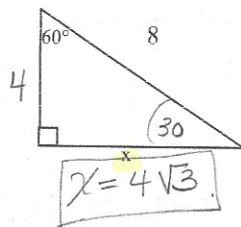
22) Find the area of the shaded region: (Circle with radius = 6 cm. inscribed in a square).

Leave the answer in terms of π .



$144 - 36\pi$

23) Solve for x:



$x = 4\sqrt{3}$

24) Solve the following system of linear equations:

$M = \begin{cases} x+y=2 \\ -3x+4y=36 \\ 8x+3y=6 \end{cases}$

$x+6 = \frac{26}{3}$
 $x = -4$

$7y = \frac{42}{7}$
 $y = 6$
 $(-4, 6)$

25) Find an equation of the line containing the points A(5,3) and B(2,-4). Write your answer in slope intercept form ($y = mx + b$).

$m = \frac{3+4}{5-2} = \frac{7}{3}, (5, 3)$

$y = \frac{7}{3}x - \frac{26}{3}$

$y - 3 = \frac{7}{3}(x - 5)$
 $y - 3 = \frac{7}{3}x - \frac{35}{3} + 3$
 $\frac{-35+9}{3} = -\frac{26}{3}$