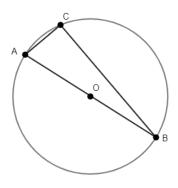
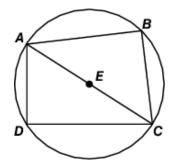
Triangles and Quadrilaterals Inscribed in a Circle

1. Triangle ABC is inscribed in circle 0. Segment AB is the diameter of the circle. If $m \angle ABC = 17.5^{\circ}$, what is the measure of $\angle BAC$?

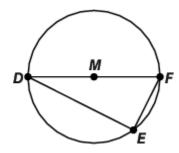


- A. $m \angle BAC = 17.5^{\circ}$ B. $m \angle BAC = 72.5^{\circ}$ C. $m \angle BAC = 90^{\circ}$ D. $m \angle BAC = 107.5^{\circ}$
- 2. Points *A*, *B*, *C*, and *D* lie on circle *E* as shown in the figure below.



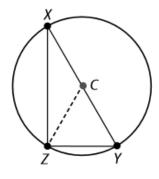
Which statement must be true about the figure?

- A. $m \angle BCD = m \angle BAD = 90^{\circ}$
- B. $m \angle ADC = m \angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$
- C. $m \angle ABC = m \angle BCD = 90^{\circ}$
- D. $m \angle BAD = m \angle ADC = 90^{\circ}$
- 3. In circle *M* shown below, $m \angle DEF = (5x 10)^\circ$. What is the value of x?



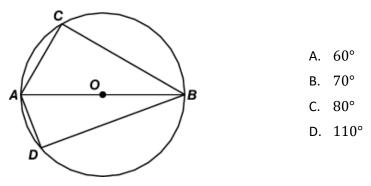


4. In the diagram, C is the center of the circle and $\angle YXZ$ is inscribed in the circle. Which of the following statements are true? Select All that apply.

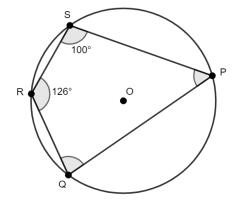


- A. $\overline{CX} \cong \overline{CY}$
- B. $\overline{CZ} \cong \overline{XY}$
- C. ΔCXZ is isosceles.
- D. ΔXYZ is acute.
- E. \overline{XY} is a diameter of circle C.

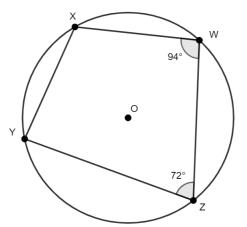
5. In the figure below, \overline{AB} is the diameter of the circle with center *O*. If $m \angle ABC = 30^{\circ}$ and $m \angle CAD = 140^{\circ}$, what is $m \angle BAD$?



6. In the diagram below, quadrilateral *PQRS* is inscribed in circle *O*. Find $m \angle P$ and $m \angle Q$.

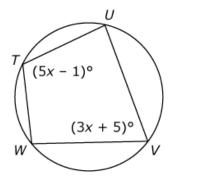


- A. $m \angle P = 54^{\circ}$ and $m \angle Q = 80^{\circ}$ B. $m \angle P = 80^{\circ}$ and $m \angle Q = 54^{\circ}$ C. $m \angle P = 100^{\circ}$ and $m \angle Q = 126^{\circ}$
- D. $m \angle P = 126^\circ$ and $m \angle Q = 100^\circ$
- 7. In the diagram below, quadrilateral WXYZ is inscribed in circle 0. If $m \angle W = 94^{\circ}$ and $m \angle Z = 72^{\circ}$, find $m \angle X$ and $m \angle Y$.



- A. $m \angle X = 72^{\circ}$ and $m \angle Y = 94^{\circ}$
- B. $m \angle X = 94^{\circ}$ and $m \angle Y = 72^{\circ}$
- C. $m \angle X = 86^{\circ}$ and $m \angle Y = 108^{\circ}$
- D. $m \angle X = 108^\circ$ and $m \angle Y = 86^\circ$

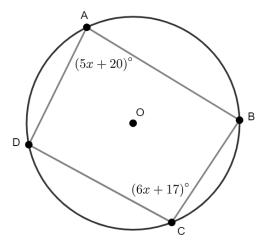
8. This diagram shows a circle and an inscribed quadrilateral, with angle measures represented by expressions.



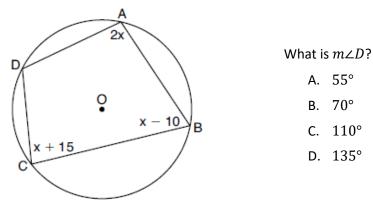
Based on the diagram, what is $m \angle V$?

Α.	68°
В.	71°
C.	109°
D.	136°

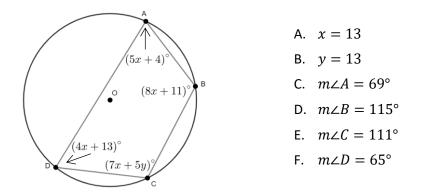
9. In the diagram below, quadrilateral *ABCD* is inscribed in circle 0, $m \angle A = (5x + 20)^{\circ}$ and $m \angle C = (6x + 17)^{\circ}$. What are the measures of $m \angle A$ and $m \angle C$?



- A. $m \angle A = 95^{\circ}$ and $m \angle C = 85^{\circ}$ B. $m \angle A = 95^{\circ}$ and $m \angle C = 95^{\circ}$ C. $m \angle A = 85^{\circ}$ and $m \angle C = 85^{\circ}$ D. $m \angle A = 85^{\circ}$ and $m \angle C = 95^{\circ}$
- 10. In the diagram below, quadrilateral *ABCD* is inscribed in circle *O*, $m \angle A = (2x)^\circ$, $m \angle B = (x 10)^\circ$, and $m \angle C = (x + 15)^\circ$.

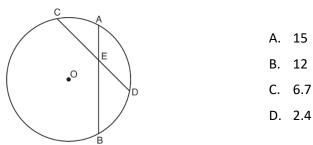


11. In the diagram below, quadrilateral *ABCD* is inscribed in circle *O*. If $m \angle A = (5x + 4)^\circ$, $m \angle B = (8x + 11)^\circ$, $m \angle C = (7x + 5y)^\circ$, and $m \angle D = (4x + 13)^\circ$, which of the following statements are true? Select All that apply.

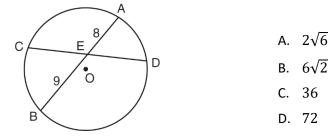


Segment Relationships in Circles

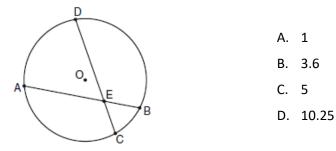
12. In the diagram below of circle *O*, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E*. If CE = 10, ED = 6, AE = 4, what is the length of \overline{EB} ?



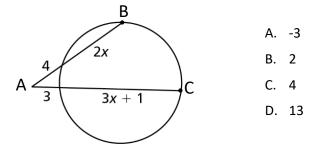
13. In the diagram below of circle O, chord \overline{AB} bisects chord \overline{CD} at E. If AE = 8 and BE = 9, find the length of \overline{CE} .



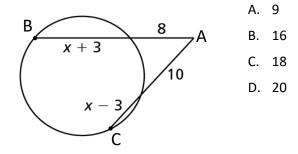
14. In the diagram below of circle *O*, chords \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} intersect at *E*, DE = 2x + 8, EC = 3, AE = 4x - 3, and EB = 4. What is the value of *x*?



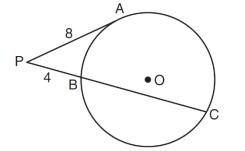
15. Look at the figure below. If \overline{AB} and \overline{AC} are secants, what is the value of x?



16. Look at the figure below. If \overline{AB} and \overline{AC} are secants, find AC.

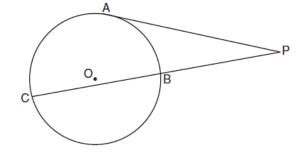


17. In the diagram below of circle O, \overline{PA} is tangent to circle O at A, and \overline{PC} is a secant with points B and C on the circle.



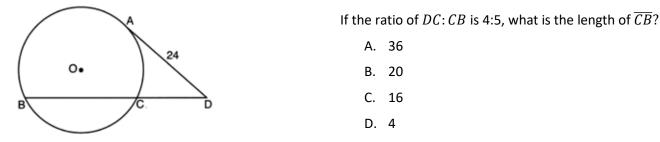
If *PA* = 8 and *PB* = 4, what is the length of *BC*? A. 20 B. 16 C. 15 D. 12

18. In the diagram below, tangent \overline{PA} and secant \overline{PC} are drawn to circle O from external point P.



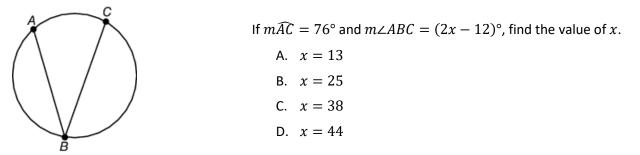
If *PB* = 4 and *BC* = 5, what is the length of *PA*? A. 20 B. 9 C. 8 D. 6

19. Circle O is drawn below with secant \overline{BD} . The length of \overline{AD} is 24.

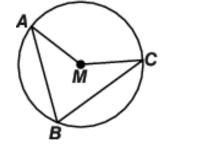


Angle Relationships in Circles

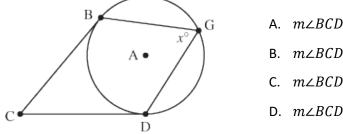
20. Use the circle shown to answer the question.



21. In circle *M*, below, $m \angle AMC = (10x - 12)^\circ$ and $m \angle ABC = (4x + 6)^\circ$. What is the measure of $\angle ABC$?



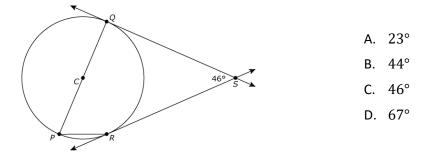
- A. 12°
 B. 18°
 C. 54°
 D. 108°
- 22. In Circle A, segments \overline{BC} and \overline{CD} are tangents to the circle at B and D, respectively. Angle BGD is an inscribed angle with a measurement of x° . Which expression shows the relationship between $m \angle BCD$ and $m \angle BGD$?



A.
$$m \angle BCD = \frac{360-x}{2}$$

B. $m \angle BCD = 360 - 2x$
C. $m \angle BCD = \frac{180-x}{2}$
D. $m \angle BCD = 180 - 2x$

23. In the figure below, Circle C has tangent lines \overrightarrow{SR} and \overrightarrow{SQ} and diameter \overrightarrow{PQ} . If $m \angle QSR = 46^\circ$, what is the measure of $\angle QPR$?



Circles in the Coordinate Plane

- 24. Which equation represents the circle whose center is (-2, 3) and whose radius is 5?
 - A. $(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 5$
 - B. $(x+2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 5$
 - C. $(x+2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$
 - D. $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$

25. Which equation represents the circle whose center is (7, -3) and whose radius is 4?

- A. $(x-7)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 4$
- B. $(x+7)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 4$
- C. $(x+7)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 16$
- D. $(x-7)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 16$

26. What is the equation of a circle with a center at (3, -1) and a diameter of 8?

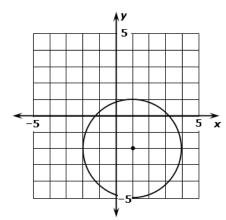
- A. $(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 16$ B. $(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 64$ C. $(x+3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 16$
- D. $(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 64$

27. What is the equation of a circle with center (2, 3) that passes through the point (5, 3)?

A. $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 3$ B. $(x-5)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 3$ C. $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$ D. $(x-5)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$

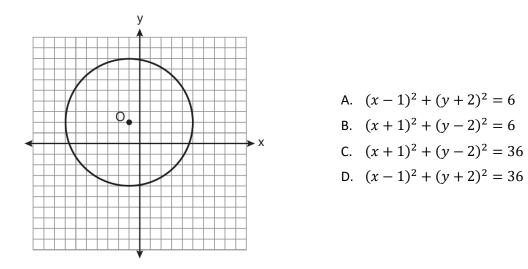
28. What is the equation of a circle with center (-2, 3) that passes through the point P(4, -3)?

- A. $(x+2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 72$
- B. $(x+2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 36$
- C. $(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 72$
- D. $(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 36$
- 29. The points (1, 4) and (-3, 2) are the endpoints of a diameter of a circle. What is the standard equation of the circle?
 - A. $(x-1)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 5$
 - B. $(x-1)^2 + (y+3)^2 = \sqrt{5}$
 - C. $(x+1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 5$
 - D. $(x+1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = \sqrt{5}$
- 30. On a coordinate plane, circle 0 has its center at the point (2, 3). The point (-1, -1) is on circle 0. Which of these statements are correct? Choose All that are correct.
 - A. The radius of the circle can be found by doubling the distance between (2, 3) and (-1, -1).
 - B. The equation $(x 2)^2 + (y 3)^2 = 5$ describes circle 0.
 - C. The radius of the circle can be found by finding the distance between (2, 3) and (-1, -1).
 - D. The diameter of the circle can be found by finding the distance between (2, 3) and (-1, -1).
 - E. The equation $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 5$ describes circle 0.
 - F. The equation $(x 2)^2 + (y 3)^2 = 25$ describes circle 0.
- 31. A circle is drawn on the coordinate plane below. What is the equation of the circle shown?

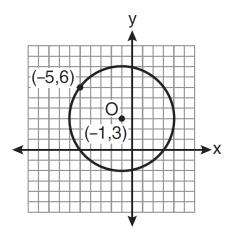


A. $(x-1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 9$ B. $(x+1)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 9$ C. $(x+1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 3$ D. $(x-1)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 3$

32. Write an equation for circle O shown on the graph below.



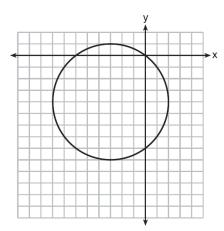
33. Write an equation for circle *O* shown on the graph below.



A.
$$(x + 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 5$$

B. $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 25$
C. $(x + 5)^2 + (y - 6)^2 = 5$
D. $(x + 5)^2 + (y - 6)^2 = 25$

34. What is an equation of the circle shown in the graph below?

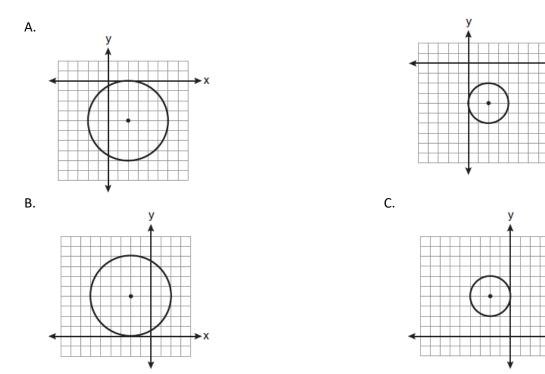


- A. $(x-3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 25$ B. $(x+3)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 25$
- C. $(x-3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 10$
- D. $(x+3)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 10$

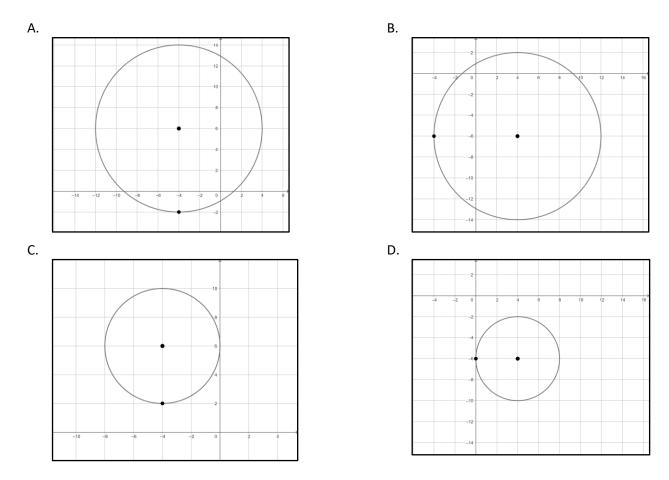
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Circles 35. Which graph represents a circle with the equation $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 4$?



36. Which graph represents a circle with the equation $(x + 4)^2 + (y - 6)^2 = 16$?



37. The equation of a circle is $x^2 + (y - 7)^2 = 16$. What are the center and radius of the circle?

- A. Center (0, -7) and radius 4
- B. Center (0, -7) and radius 16
- C. Center (0, 7) and radius 4
- D. Center (0, 7) and radius 16

38. The equation of a circle is $(x - 5)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 10$. What are the center and radius of the circle?

- A. Center (-5, -3) and radius 10
- B. Center (5, -3) and radius $\sqrt{10}$
- C. Center (-5, 3) and radius 10
- D. Center (5, 3) and radius $\sqrt{10}$

39. What are the center and the radius of the circle whose equation is $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 36$?

- A. Center (3, -3) and radius 6
- B. Center (-3, 3) and radius 6
- C. Center (3, -3) and radius 36
- D. Center (-3, 3) and radius 36

40. What are the coordinates of the center and the length of the radius of the circle whose equation is shown below?

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 16y + 49 = 0$$

- A. Center (1, -8) and radius 4
- B. Center (-1, 8) and radius 4
- C. Center (1, -8) and radius 16
- D. Center (-1, 8) and radius 16

41. What are the coordinates of the center and the length of the radius of the circle whose equation is shown below?

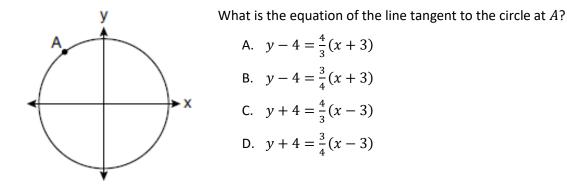
$$x^2 + y^2 - 12y - 20.25 = 0$$

- A. Center (0, 6) and radius 7.5
- B. Center (0, -6) and radius 7.5
- C. Center (0, 12) and radius 4.5
- D. Center (0, -12) and radius 4.5

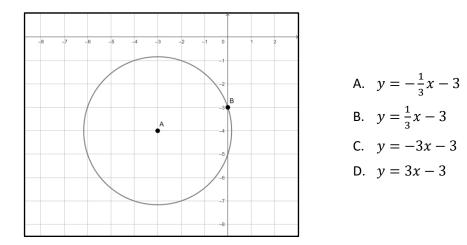
42. The equation shown below represents a circle. Which statement describes the key features of the circle that can be determined from the equation?

$$x^2 + 10x + y^2 - 2y + 22 = 0$$

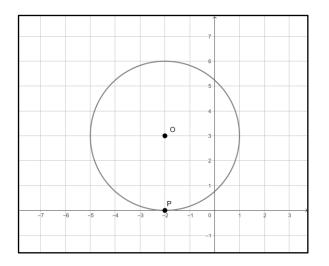
- A. The circle has a center at (-5, 1) and radius of 4 units.
- B. The circle has a center at (5, -1) and radius of 4 units.
- C. The circle has a center at (-5, 1) and radius of 2 units.
- D. The circle has a center at (5, -1) and radius of 2 units.
- 43. A circle centered at the origin passes through A(-3, 4).



44. In the diagram below of circle *A*, point *B* is a point on the circle. What is the equation of the line tangent to the circle at point *B*?



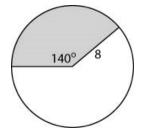
45. On a coordinate plane, circle O has its center at the point (-2, 3). The point P(-2, 0) is on circle O. Which of these statements are correct? Choose All that are correct.



- A. The equation of the circle is $(x + 2)^2 + (y 3)^2 = 9$
- B. The domain of the circle is $-5 \le x \le 1$
- C. The range of the circle is $-2 \le y \le 6$
- D. The line y = 0 is tangent to circle O at P.
- E. The point (0.75, 4) is on the circle.
- F. The area of the circle is approximately 254.47 square units.
- 46. The border of circular garden can be modeled by the equation $(x + 6)^2 + (y 4)^2 = 36$. Select All the true statements.
 - A. The center of the circle is (-6, 4).
 - B. The diameter of the circle is 18.
 - C. The point (-6, 10) is on the circle.
 - D. The domain of the circle is $-12 \le x \le 0$.
 - E. The range of the circle is $-2 \le y \le 10$.
 - F. The circumference of the circle is 12π .

Circumference and Area

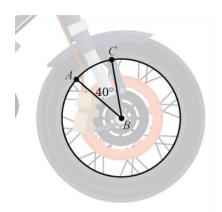
47. The diagram shows a 140° sector in a circle of radius 8 units.



What is the approximate area of the shaded sector?

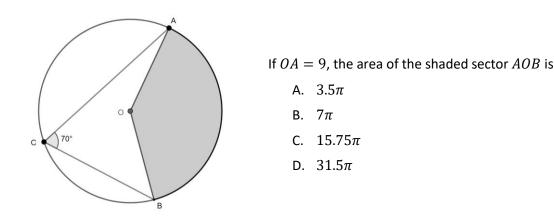
- A. 26 square units
- B. 67 square units
- C. 78 square units
- D. 156 square units

- 48. A circle has a diameter of 30 centimeters. A sector has a central angle of 240 degrees. What is the area of the sector? Leave your answer in terms of π .
 - A. $75\pi \ cm^2$
 - B. $150\pi \ cm^2$
 - C. $225\pi \ cm^2$
 - D. $600\pi \ cm^2$
- 49. The wheel of a motorcycle is shown.



If the radius AB is 12 inches, and the measure of central angle ABC is 40°, what is the approximate area of sector ABC? Use 3.14 for π .

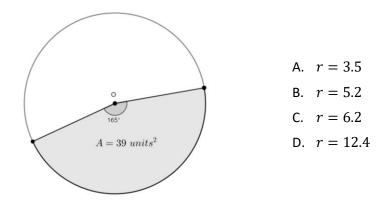
- A. 12.56 in²
 B. 50.24 in²
- C. 113.04 *in*²
- D. $452.16 in^2$
- 50. In the diagram below of circle O, \overline{AC} and \overline{BC} are chords, and $m \angle ACB = 70^{\circ}$.



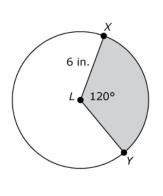
51. Which equation could be used to solve for *A*, the area of the shaded sector in the circle below?



52. The diagram shows a 165° sector with area of 39 units^2 in circle 0. What is the radius of Circle 0?



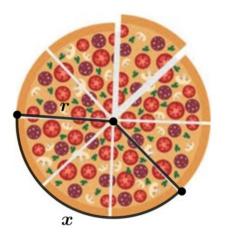
53. This diagram shows circle *L*, central angle *XLY*, and some of their measurements.



Part A: Which of the following is closest to the area, in square inches, of the shaded sector of circle L?

Α.	9.4
В.	18.8
C.	28.3
D.	37.7
Part B:	What is the length, to the nearest tenth of an inch of arc XY ?

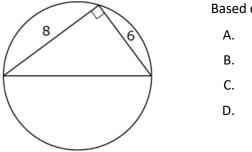
54. A circular pizza has a diameter of 14 inches and is divided into 8 equal slices as shown. An engineer is asked to create a box that hold 3 pizza slices.



What should be the minimum measurement of the arc of the box, labeled x, to ensure it holds all of the slices? Round answer to the nearest whole number.



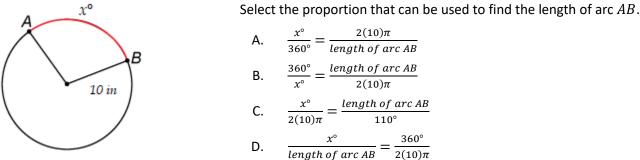
55. This diagram shows a circle with an inscribed right triangle and some of its measurements, in units.



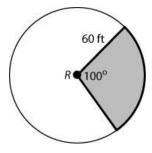
Based on the diagram, what is the circumference, in units, of the circle?

۱.	5π
3.	10π

- C. 14π
- D. 25π
- 56. Consider the circle with a radius of 10 inches and a central angle that subtends an arc of x° .



- 57. A student draws a circle with a radius of 5 inches and highlights an arc on the circle that measures 18.5 inches. What is the degree measure of this central angle, to the nearest degree?
 - A. 72°
 - B. 85°
 - C. 212°
 - D. 306°
- 58. A gardener planted new grass in the shaded area shown in the diagram below. In the diagram, point R is the center of a circle.



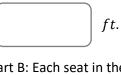
The gardener puts a rope around the entire perimeter of the shaded area. To the nearest foot, what is the length of the rope?

- A. 105 feet
- B. 172 feet
- C. 225 feet
- D. 329 feet

59. A sector of a circular theater is being reserved for season ticket holders. This sector is represented as the shaded portion of the diagram below.

80°

Part A: Find the length of roping needed to extend across the back of this section of the theater. Round to the nearest hundredth of a foot.



Part B: Each seat in the theater occupies approximately 7 square feet of the floor space. About how many seats are there in the section for season ticket holders?



Part C: On opening night for a play, there are 221 reservations for season ticket holders. The theater manager decides to expand the sector by creating a larger central angle. What is the measure, to the nearest degree, of the new central angle?



60. A tile manufacturer wants to create a set of flat, circular tiles that are painted in various colors. A sector of the tile has a radius of 4 inches and a central angle measure of 65 degrees.

Part A: Find the area of the sector of the tile. Round your answer to the nearest square inch.



Part B: The cost to the manufacturer to paint the tiles is \$0.07 per square inch. How much will it cost the manufacturer to paint a set of 250 tiles? Round your answer to the nearest dollar.

