

**PRE CALCULUS  
Midterm Review MR1**

ASSG.# \_\_\_\_\_

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_ PER \_\_\_\_\_

**SHOW ALL THE WORK CLEARLY.**

**Find the following in problems 1 – 4:**

- a) The number of complex roots.
- b) List the possible rational roots
- c) Determine the rational roots

1)  $6x^3 + 11x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$

2)  $x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 2 = 0$

3)  $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x + 3 = 0$

4)  $2x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x^2 - 11x - 3 = 0$

**Use the remainder theorem to find the remainder for each division.  
State whether the binomial is a factor of the polynomial:**

5)  $(x^3 - x + 6) \div (x - 2)$

6)  $(2x^3 - 3x^2 + x) \div (x - 1)$

**Determine the binomial factors of each polynomial:**

7)  $x^3 + 4x^2 - x - 4$

8)  $x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$

**Find all the roots of:**

9)  $x^3 + 8x^2 + 16x + 5 = 0$

1a)
b)
c)
2a)
b)
c)
3a)
b)
c)
4a)
b)
c)
5)
6)
7)
8)
9)

**Solve each inequality:**

10)  $\frac{2}{w} + 3 > \frac{29}{w}$

11)  $\frac{(x-3)(x-4)}{(x-5)(x-6)^2} \leq 0$

12)  $\frac{1}{4a} + \frac{5}{8a} > \frac{1}{2}$

**Perform the indicated operation. Simplify all answers.**

13)  $\frac{4bc}{3a^2} \cdot \frac{7a}{2bc^2}$

14)  $\frac{9}{5y} - \frac{1}{6y}$

15)  $\frac{x^2 + 7x}{x^2 - 49} \cdot \frac{x^2 + 4x - 21}{x^2 - 3x}$

10)

11)

12)

13)

14)

15)